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IN THE SENATE

SENATE BILL NO. 1187

BY STATE AFFAIRS COMMITTEE

AN ACT

1	AN ACT
2	RELATING TO MINORS; AMENDING SECTION 18-1515, IDAHO CODE, TO REVISE PROVI-
3	SIONS REGARDING DISSEMINATING MATERIAL HARMFUL TO MINORS AND TO MAKE
4	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AMENDING SECTION 18-1517, IDAHO CODE, TO RE-
5	VISE A PROVISION REGARDING AN AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE AND TO MAKE TECHNICAL
6	CORRECTIONS; AMENDING CHAPTER 1, TITLE 33, IDAHO CODE, BY THE ADDITION
7	OF A NEW SECTION 33-141, IDAHO CODE, TO ESTABLISH PROVISIONS REGARDING
8	POLICIES TO PROTECT MINORS FROM HARMFUL MATERIALS; AMENDING SECTION
9	67-6533, IDAHO CODE, TO PROVIDE A CORRECT CODE REFERENCE AND TO MAKE
10	TECHNICAL CORRECTIONS; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY AND PROVIDING AN EF-
11	FECTIVE DATE.

Be It Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Idaho:

SECTION 1. That Section 18-1515, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 18-1515. DISSEMINATING MATERIAL HARMFUL TO MINORS -- DEFINED --PENALTY. A person is guilty of disseminating material harmful to minors
- 1. (1) He knowingly gives or makes available to a minor or promotes or possesses with intent to promote to minors, or he knowingly sells or loans to a minor for monetary consideration:
 - (a) Any picture, photograph, video, drawing, sculpture, motion picture film, or similar visual representation or image of a person or portion of the human body which that depicts nudity, sexual conduct, or sadomasochistic abuse and which that is harmful to minors; or
 - Any book, pamphlet, magazine, printed matter however reproduced, or sound recording which that contains any matter enumerated in paragraph (a) hereof, or explicit and detailed verbal descriptions or narrative accounts of sexual excitement, sexual conduct, or sado-masochistic abuse and $\frac{1}{2}$ that , taken as a whole, is harmful to minors; or
 - (c) Any other material harmful to minors.
- 2. (2) With reference to a motion picture, show or other presentation which that depicts nudity, sexual conduct, or sado-masochistic abuse, and which that is harmful to minors, he knowingly:
 - (a) Exhibits such motion picture, show, or other presentation to a minor for a monetary consideration; or
 - (b) Sells to a minor an admission ticket or pass to premises whereon there is exhibited or to be exhibited such motion picture, show, or other presentation; or
 - (c) Admits a minor for a monetary consideration to premises whereon there is exhibited or to be exhibited such motion picture, show, or other presentation; or

- (d) Exhibits such motion picture, show or other presentation to a minor not for a monetary consideration; or
- (e) Gives without monetary consideration to a minor an admission ticket or pass to premises where there is exhibited or to be exhibited such motion picture, show, or other presentation \div ; or
- (f) Provides a video or motion picture to a minor that may be viewed at home or a location other than the location where it was provided to the minor.

Disseminating material harmful to minors is a misdemeanor punishable by confinement in the county jail not to exceed one (1) year, or by a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000), or by both such fine and jail sentence.

- SECTION 2. That Section 18-1517, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 18-1517. DISSEMINATING MATERIAL HARMFUL TO MINORS -- DEFENSES. 1. In any prosecution for disseminating material harmful to minors, it is an affirmative defense that:
- $\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ The defendant had reasonable cause to believe that the minor involved was eighteen (18) years old or more of age or older, or such minor exhibited to the defendant a draft card, driver's license, birth certificate, or other official or apparently official document purporting to establish that the minor was eighteen (18) years of age or older.
- (b) (2) The minor involved was accompanied by his parent or legal guardian, or by an adult and the adult represented that he was the minor's parent or guardian or an adult and signed a written statement to that effect.
 - (c) (3) The defendant was the parent or guardian of the minor involved.
- (d) (4) The defendant was a bona fide school, college, university, museum or public library, or was acting in his capacity as an employee of such an organization or a retail outlet affiliated with and serving the educational purposes of such an organization, provided that the defendant school, college, university, museum, or public library adopted policies to protect minors from harmful materials and provided training on such policies, as provided in section 33-141, Idaho Code, and if the defendant is an employee as described in this subsection, that such employee followed the policies.
- SECTION 3. That Chapter 1, Title 33, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended by the addition thereto of a $\underline{\text{NEW SECTION}}$, to be known and designated as Section 33-141, Idaho Code, and to read as follows:
- 33-141. POLICIES TO PROTECT MINORS FROM HARMFUL MATERIALS. (1) For purposes of this section:
 - (a) "Board" means the board of trustees or other governing body of an institution.
 - (b) "Institution" means a bona fide school, college, university, museum, or public library.
- (2) If an institution retains materials that could be considered harmful to minors, as defined in section 18-1514, Idaho Code, whether in print, video, audio, or electronic formats, then the board shall develop, implement, and enforce compliance with policies to ensure that the institution, its employees, and its volunteers are not in violation of section 18-1515,

Idaho Code. The board shall provide training on the policies to institution employees and volunteers not less than annually and whenever the board implements a change in policy.

- (3) The board of an institution in operation as of July 1, 2023, shall, if it has not already adopted policies described in subsection (2) of this section, adopt such policies by August 1, 2023. The board of an institution that begins operation after July 1, 2023, shall adopt the policies described in subsection (2) of this section prior to the opening of the institution.
- (4) Each board of an institution operating in this state shall establish a citizen review committee of individuals that the institution serves that shall advise the board on the development, implementation, and enforcement of the policies described in subsection (2) of this section and on any material that could be considered harmful to minors. The membership of such committee shall be selected by the board with not fewer than five (5) members of the public selected from the area served by the institution. The membership of the committee shall include, to the extent possible:
 - (a) Parents of minors who attend or patronize the institution, being primary stakeholders in their children's lives, who shall constitute a majority of the committee;
 - (b) Residents of the community served by the institution;
 - (c) One (1) representative from the local law enforcement agency's sex crimes unit or with experience handling such cases; and
 - (d) One (1) representative from the religious community in the community being served by the institution.
- (5) Members of the committee established in subsection (4) of this section shall serve a term of two (2) years and may volunteer for an additional two (2) year term after a two (2) year period of not serving on the committee. When developing and implementing the policies described in subsection (2) of this section, the committee shall meet as often as necessary for such development and implementation. Thereafter, the committee shall meet not less than quarterly to review concerns from citizens, employees and volunteers of the institution, and board members to determine if changes need to be made in the policy and to evaluate which materials need to be included in the policy.

SECTION 4. That Section 67-6533, Idaho Code, be, and the same is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 67-6533. LOCATION OF STORES SELLING SEXUAL MATERIAL RESTRICTED IN CERTAIN AREAS. (a) From and after January 1, 1980, no person or entity shall own or operate any store, shop or business which sells or rents any materials defined as obscene materials in section 18-4101, Idaho Code, within twenty-five hundred (2500) feet of any school, church, or place of worship measured in a straight line to the nearest entrance to the premises.
- (b) From and after January 1, 1980, no person or entity shall own or operate any store, shop or business which sells or rents any materials defined in subsection 1 of section 18-1515 section 18-1515(1), Idaho Code, where such materials constitute ten percent (10%) or more of the printed materials held for sale or rent of such store, shop or business, within twenty-five hundred (2500) feet of any school, church, or place of worship measured in a straight line to the nearest entrance to the premises.

(c) From and after the effective date of this act, a violation of subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this section shall be a misdemeanor.

- (d) A judge of a court of competent jurisdiction shall immediately issue a temporary restraining order for a violation of subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this section upon application therefore therefor by any public or private entity or person and upon compliance with the Idaho rules of civil procedure, except that no bond or security for the issuance of such restraining order shall be required. Further, a violation of subsection (a) or subsection (b) of this section shall subject the person and entities therefore therefor to a preliminary and permanent order of any court of this state enjoining them from such violation and no bond or security shall be required from the plaintiff or applicant therefore therefor.
- (e) No entity, public or private, nor any person shall be liable for any damages, costs or attorney fees for any acts attempting to civilly or criminally enforce this section.
- (f) Nothing contained in this section shall preempt or prohibit cities or counties from regulating or restricting the location of the business activity described in this section and cities and counties are hereby specifically authorized to so regulate or restrict the location of said business activity.

SECTION 5. An emergency existing therefor, which emergency is hereby declared to exist, this act shall be in full force and effect on and after July 1, 2023.